EVERLIGHT

DATASHEET

SMD • Side View LEDs

99-616LM2C/L8090S96/TR8-T/ES



Features

- Side view white LED.
- White SMT package.
- Lead frame package with individual 2 pins.
- Wide viewing angle
- Soldering methods: IR reflow soldering
- Pb-free
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Compliance with EU REACH.
- Compliance Halogen Free. (Br <900 ppm, Cl <900 ppm, Br+Cl < 1500 ppm).

Description

Due to the package design, 99-616has wide viewing angle, low power consumption and white LEDs are devices which are materialized by combing blue chips and special phosphor. This feature makes the LED ideal for light guide application.

Applications

- LCD backlight.
- Mobile phones.
- Indicators.
- Illuminations.
- Switch lights.

Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
InGaN	Pure White	Water Clear

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V	
Forward Current	I _F	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @10ms)	IFP	60 1		
Power Dissipation	Pd	110		
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85 °C		
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +90 °C		
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	Reflow Soldering : 260 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ for 10 sec. Hand Soldering : 350 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ for 3 sec.		
Electrostatic Discharge(HBM)*1	ESD	2KV, Test/Result: 0/50.		
	LOD	Test Times: 3Time.		

Notes: *1The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products.

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Flux	Φ	8.00		9.25	lm	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	2.95		3.45	volt	I _F =20mA
Viewing Angle	20 1/2		120		deg	I _F =20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			50	μA	V _R =5V

Notes:

1. Tolerance of Luminous Flux: ±7%.

2. Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V.

EVERLIGHT

Bin Range of Luminous Flux

Bin Code	LM(Min.)	LM(Max.)	Unit	Condition
L80	8.00	8.25		
L82	8.25	8.50		
L85	8.50	8.75	Lm	IF=20mA
L87	8.75	9.00		
L90	9.00	9.25		

Note: Tolerance of Luminous Intensity . Luminous Flux: ± 7%

Bin Range of Forward Voltage

Group	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
	6-1	2.95	3.05		
	6-2	3.05	3.15		
6	7-1	3.15	3.25	V	I⊧=20mA
	7-2	3.25	3.35		
	8-1	3.35	3.45		
Note: Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ± 0.05V					

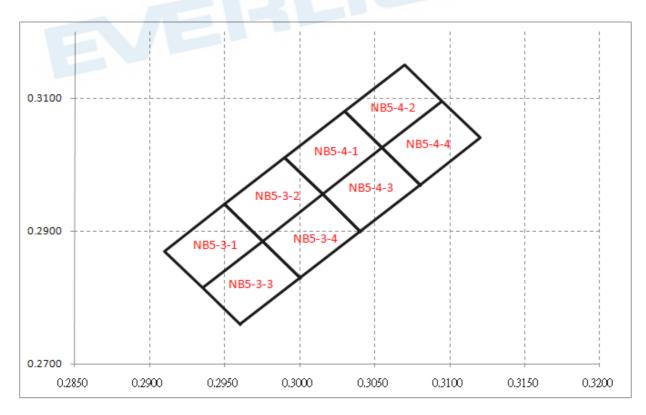
EVERLIGHT

Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinate

Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
 NB5-3-1	0.2935	0.2815		0.2975	0.2885
	0.2910	0.2870		0.2950	0.2940
	0.2950	0.2940	– NB5-3-2 -	0.2990	0.3010
-	0.2975	0.2885		0.3015	0.2955
	0.2960	0.2760		0.3000	0.2830
- NB5-3-3 -	0.2935	0.2815	- NB5-3-4 –	0.2975	0.2885
IND0-3-3 -	0.2975	0.2885		0.3015	0.2955
-	0.3000	0.2830		0.3040	0.2900
	0.3015	0.2955	– NB5-4-2 –	0.3055	0.3025
NB5-4-1	0.2990	0.3010		0.3030	0.3080
ND5-4-1	0.3030	0.3080		0.3070	0.3150
	0.3055	0.3025	-	0.3095	0.3095
	0.3040	0.2900		0.3080	0.2970
NB5-4-3 -	0.3015	0.2955	NB5-4-4 —	0.3055	0.3025
	0.3055	0.3025		0.3095	0.3095
	0.3080	0.2970		0.3120	0.3040

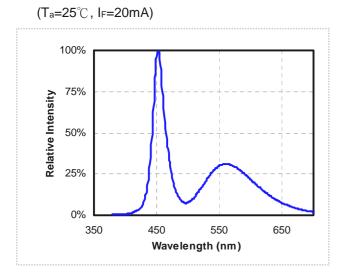
Notes: Tolerance of Chromaticity Coordinates: ±0.005.

The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

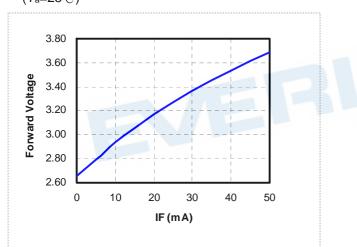


Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

1. Spectrum Distribution

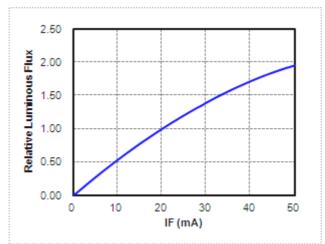


3. Relative Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current (Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C)

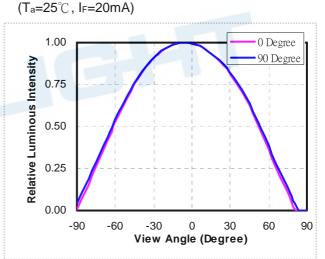


2. Relative Luminous Flux vs. Forward Current

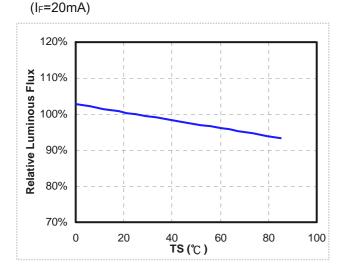




4. Radiation Diagram

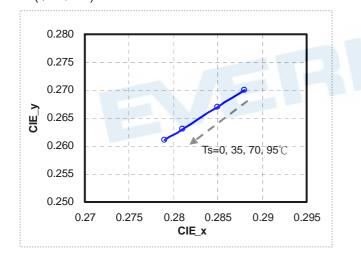


Typical Electro-Optical-Thermal Characteristics Curves

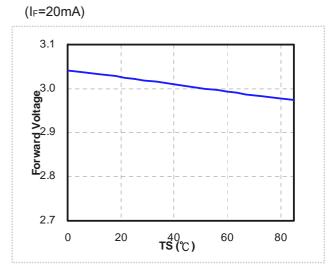


5. Relative Luminous Flux vs. Ambient Temperature

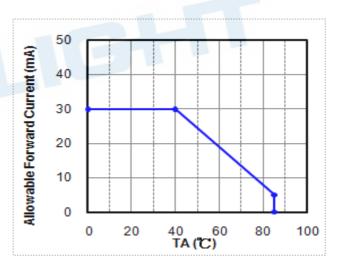
 Chromaticity Coordinates vs. Ambient Temperature (I_F=20mA)



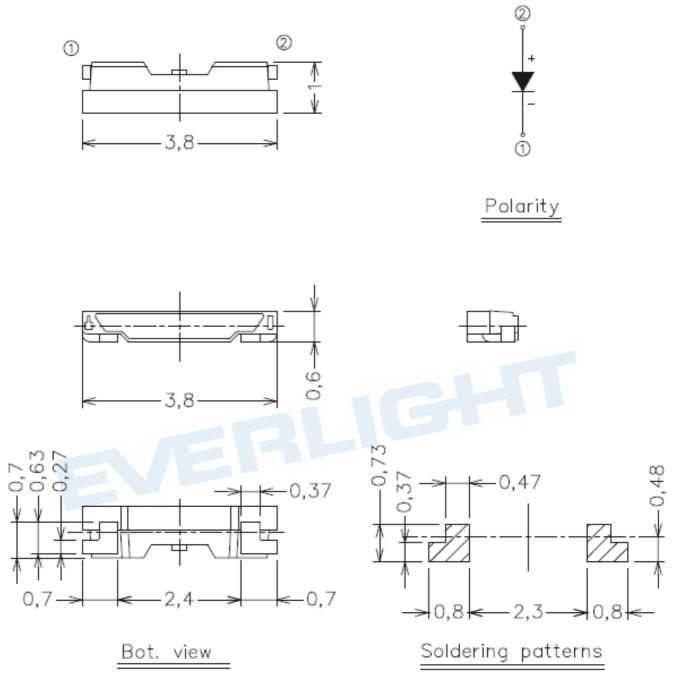
6. Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



8. Forward Current De-rating Curve



Package Dimension

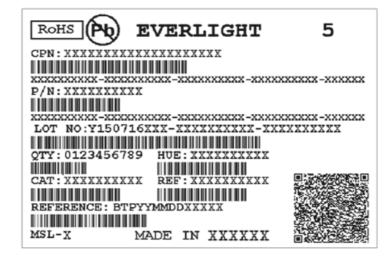


Note: Tolerances unless dimension are ± 0.1 mm, unit = mm.

EVERLIGHT

Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

·CAT: Luminous Flux Rank
·HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates
·CPN: Customer's Product Number
·P/N: Product Number
·QTY: Packing Quantity
·CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
·HUE: C.I.E Range Code of Group
·REF: Forward Voltage Rank
·LOT No: Lot Number
·REF: Forward Voltage Rank



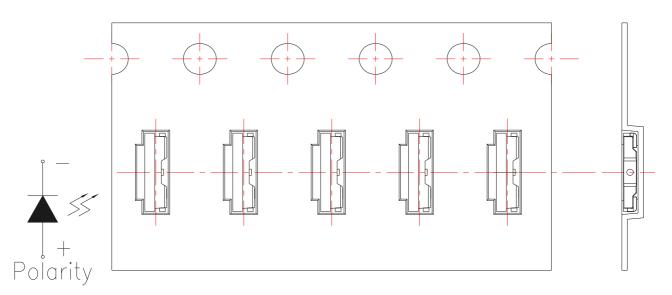
Reel Dimensions

Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm, Unit = mm



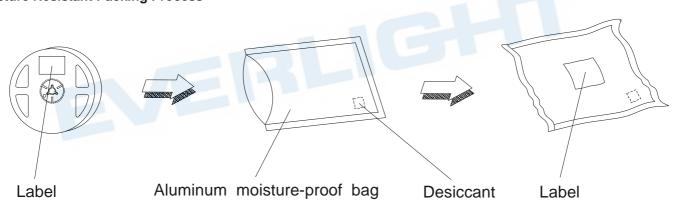
Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 1000/2000/3000 pcs. Per Reel

Progressive direction



Note: Tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.1mm; Unit = mm

Moisture Resistant Packing Process



Reliability Test Items and Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below. Confidence level : 90% LTPD : 10%

Test Condition Criteria Test Hours NO Item I_F lv @ **V**_F @ / Times **Temp./ Humidity** (mA) 20mA 20mA 1 **Reflow Soldering** TSId = 260° C, Max. 10sec. 2 times <±10% <±10% **100°**C **-40°**C 2 **Temperature Cycle** 200 cycles 30min. 30min. (5min.) -10°C **100°**C 3 Thermal Shock 200 cycles 20min. (<15sec.) 20min. Low Temp. Storage Ta= -40°C 4 --1000 hrs 5 High Temp. Storage Ta= 100°C 1000 hrs --6 Ta= 60°C/ 90%RH 1000 hrs Temp. Humidity Storage -lv > 70%, VF < 110%, Steady State Operating Life 7 Ta= -40°C 20 1000 hrs of Low Temp. Steady State Operating Life Ta= 25℃/ 8 20 1000 hrs Condition 1 Room Humidity Steady State Operating Life 9 Ta= 60°C 20 1000 hrs Condition 2 Steady State Operating Life 10 Ta= 85℃ 5 1000 hrs of High Temp. Steady State Operating Life Ta= 60°C/ 90%RH 11 20 1000 hrs of High Humidity Heat

Notes:

1. Sampling for each test item: 22 (pcs.)

2. Test board: PCB board thickness=1.0mm, copper layer thickness=0.07mm, Rth j-a=380°C/W.

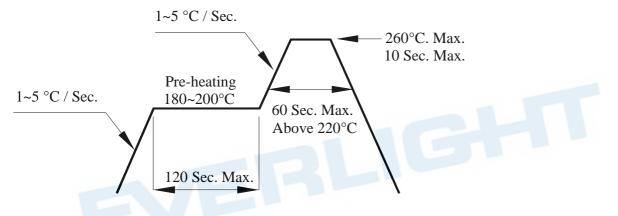
3. Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature

Precautions for Use

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

- 2. Storage
 - 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
 - 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be used within one year and kept at 30° C or less and 70%RH or less.
 - 2.3 After opening the package: We recommend that the LED should be soldered quickly (within 3 days). The soldering condition is 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
 - 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours. (One time only)
- 3. Soldering Condition
 - 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

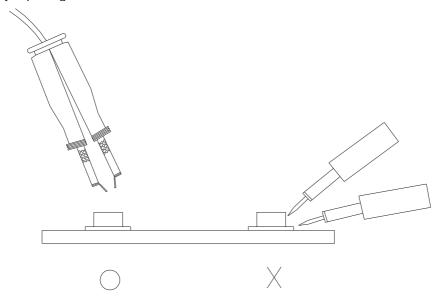
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.
- 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

EVERLIGHT

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



6. Handling Indications

During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound